

**ZONING INFORMATION** 

(B) BUSINESS DISTRICT ZONE

DENNIS TOWNSHIP GRAVEL PIT EXCAVATIONS ORDINANCE NO.94-263

**MINING / EXCAVATION BUFFER** 

**PROPOSED** 

100'

300'+

50'



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	REVISED SUBMISSION	8/16/23	PTJ
	REV. APPLICANT INFORMATION	2/28/23	PTJ
	REV. FOR 2021 RENEWAL	4/28/21	PTJ
	REV. FOR 2017 RENEWAL	8/28/17	MAJ
	REV. FOR 2013 RENEWAL	11/07/13	PTJ
	REV. SHEET 2 & 3, SHEET 4 ADDED PER PB ENGINEER	3/09/12	PTJ
	REV. SHEETS 2 & 3	10/17/11	PTJ
	REV. FOR 2011 RENEWAL	8/15/11	PTJ
	REV. SHEETS 2 & 3 PER PB ENGINEER	2/18/08	JHM
ļ	REVISION	DATE	BY

DRAWN BY: JEC

SHEET: 1 OF 5

SCALE: AS NOTED | CHECKED BY: JHM

PROJECT #: 7842

## PROPERTY OWNERS WITHIN 500' OF SEA ISLE CITY, NJ 08243 369 NOODBINE-OV RD,UNIT 2 HUC RENTALS, LLC 4 CARRIAGE LA CAPE MAY COURT HOUSE, NJ 08210 369 WOODBINE-OV RD,UNIT 3 DEVER, MATTHEW & PATRICIA A 300 47TS PLACE SEA ISLE CITY, NJ 08243 353 CORSON TAVERN RD JPF INVESTMENTS LLC 369 WOODBINE OCEANVIEW RD WOODBINE, NJ 08 369 WOODBINE-OV RD,UNIT 4 SER ISLE CITY, NJ 08243 369 WOODBINE-OV RD, UNIT 5 HERMAN FERRLE & SORS, INC PO BOX 507 SEA ISLE CITY, NJ 08243 369 WOODBINE-OV RD, UNIT 6 JPF INVESTMENT LLC 229 55TH ST SEA ISLE CITY, NJ 08243 369 NOODBINE-OV RO,UNIT 7 SMANSON, ANDREW & CONOVER, FRANK R 47 SUNSET BLYD LONGFORT, NJ 08403 363 WOODBINE-OCEANVIEW RD FPK 3 PROPERTIES, LLC 24 STONEY CT OCEAN VIEW, NJ 08230 24 STONEY COURT 901 W LEEDS AVENUE ABSECON, NJ 08201 PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC & GAS CO CAPE ATLANTIC SOIL ATTN: MICHAEL KENT 6260 OLD HARDING HIGHWAY MAYS LANDING, NJ 08330

PROPERTY OWNERS LIST WITHIN 500'

1.	Applicant/Owner:		
	JF KIELY CONSTRUCT AND / OR KIELY R.E. 1 RADAR WAY TINTON FALLS, NJ 077		
2.	Survey, Tax Lot 8.07, Block 225. last revised 7/5/07, prepared by Va	mation was taken from "Outbou 01, Dennis Twp., Cape May Cou argo Associates, P.O. Box 647, Fra nd site investigation by the client a	nty, NJ" dated 6/17/05, anklinville, NJ; Michael
3.		Ocean View Rd. & is known as Emnis Township Tax Map. The entict. The site presently has approxim	reproject site is located
4.	All previously disturbed areas within buffer zones are to remain as they exist. No new excavation is to take place within any buffer zones.		
5.	The prescribed operation will not generate any additional stormwater runoff, and, as such, will not have any adverse impact on surrounding watersheds or properties.		
6.	All standards/specifications set forth on these plans shall be maintained as required throughout the life of the operation.		
7.	These plans have been prepared in accordance with ordinance 94-263 of the Township of Dennis to regulate the excavation of sand, gravel, earth or soils.		
8.	Hours of operation for the resour	ce extraction:	
		Begin	<u>End</u>
	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	6:00 AM 6:00 AM 6:00 AM 6:00 AM	6:00 PM 6:00 PM 6:00 PM 6:00 PM
1		O.OOTEM	0.00 1111

6:00 AM 6:00 PM Saturday

 ${
m Closed}$ 

**GENERAL NOTES** 

**General Notes:** 

**Survey Information** 

Outbound and topographic information was taken was taken from "Outbound and Topographical Survey, Tax Lot 8.07. Block 225.01, Dennis Township, Cape May County, NJ" dated 6/17/05, last revised 7/5/07, prepared by Vargo Associates, P.O.Box 647, Franklinville, NJ; Michael Vargo, NJPLS, Lic. No. 33182.

### **SURVEY INFORMATION**

This set of plans has been prepared for purposes of municipal and agency review and approval. This set of plans shall not be utilized as construction documents until all conditions of approval have been satisfied on the drawings and each drawing has been revised to indicate "Issued for

Contractor shall check and verify all existing utilities, grades, site dimensions and existing conditions before proceeding with construction. Any discrepancies or unusual conditions are to be reported to design engineer/project staff immediately for adjustments or directions.

All construction to be performed in accordance with NJDOT Standard Specifications and supplementary specifications for this project.

These drawings do not include the necessary components for construction safety; however, all construction must be done in compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 and all rules and regulations appurtenant to this project.

### **CONTRACTOR NOTES**

### SCHEDULE OF SHEETS

COVER SHEET	1 OF 5
EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	2 OF 5
RESOURCE EXTRACTION PLAN	3 OF 5
CROSS SECTIONS	4 OF 5
SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN	5 OF 5

### **ZONING INFORMATION**

DESCRIPTION

Buffer From Public Roadway

Buffer From Public Building

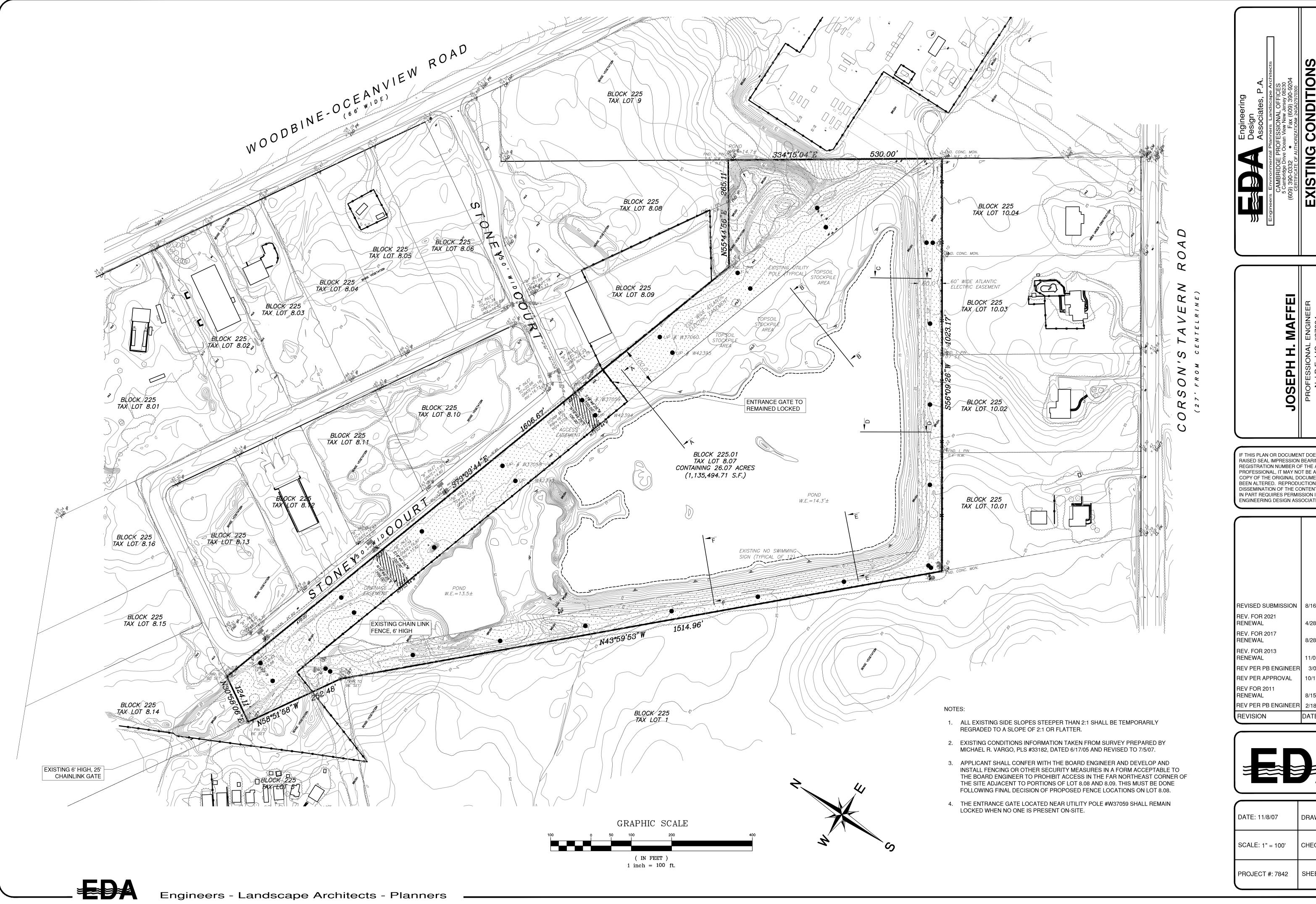
Buffer From Adjoining Properties 50'

Chairman	Date
Secretary	Date

TOWNSHIP OF DENNIS PLANNING BOARD APPROVAL BLOCK

# RESOURCE EXTRACTION PLAN

BLOCK 225.01 LOT 8.07 **DENNIS TOWNSHIP** CAPE MAY COUNTY, NEW JERSEY



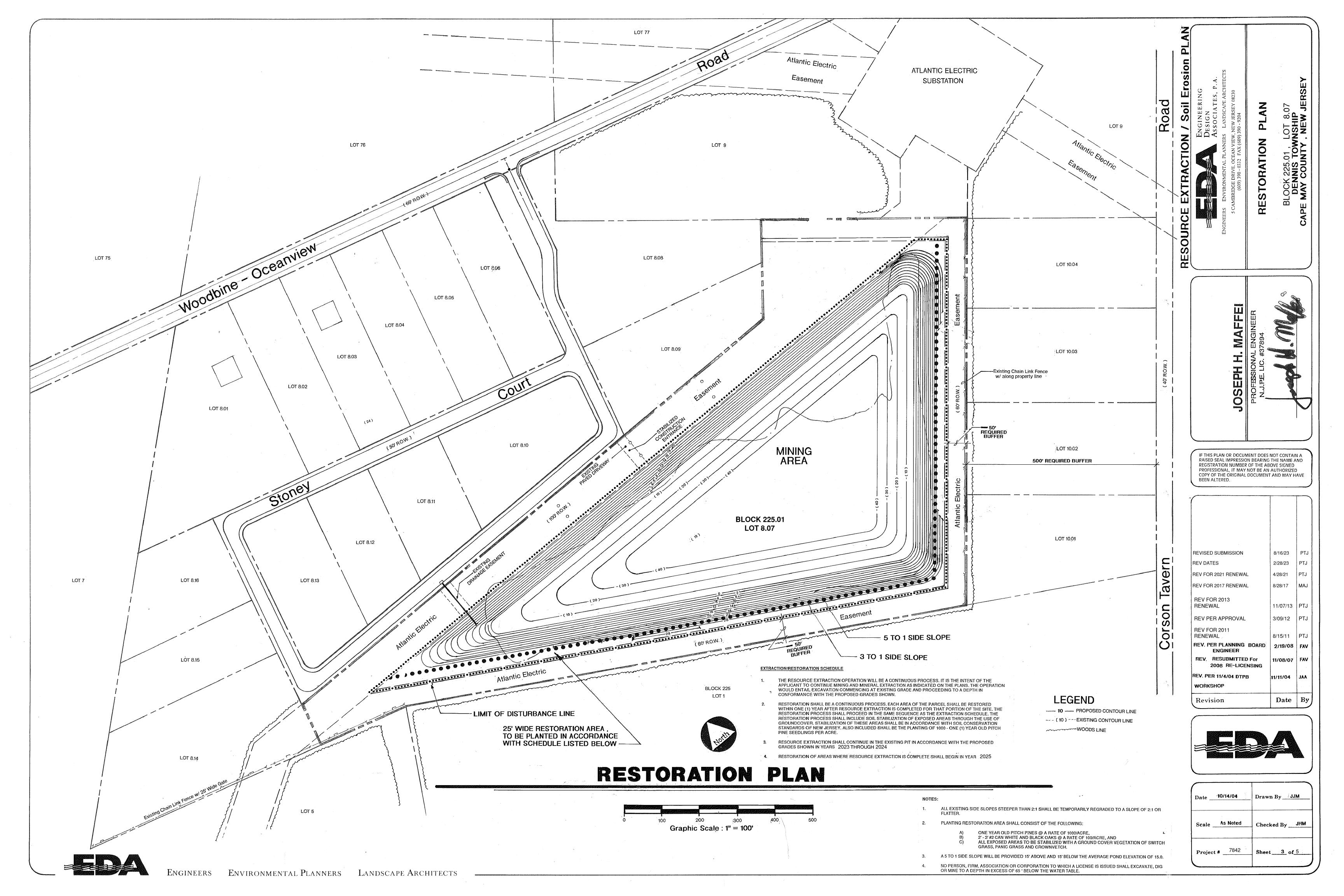
CONDITIONS
5.01, LOT 8.07
TOWNSHIP

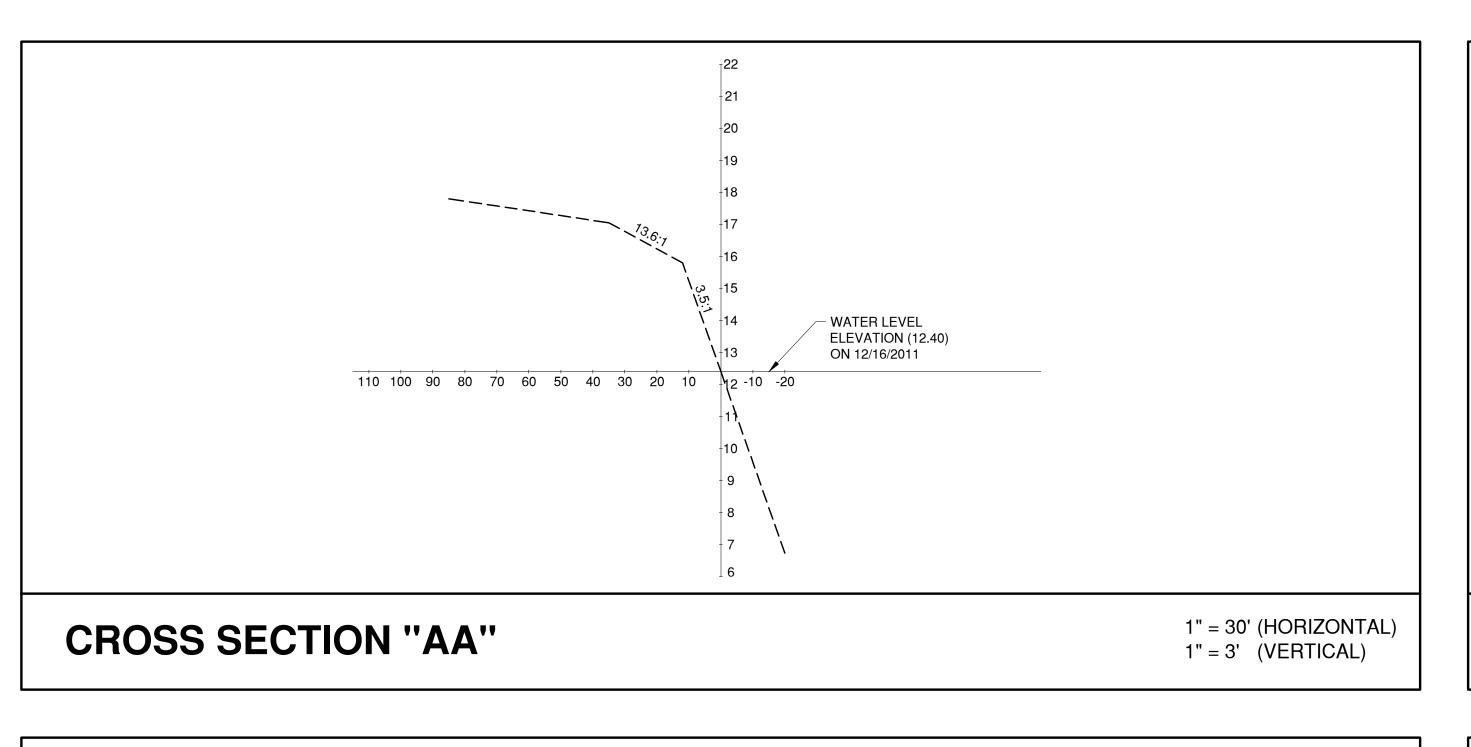
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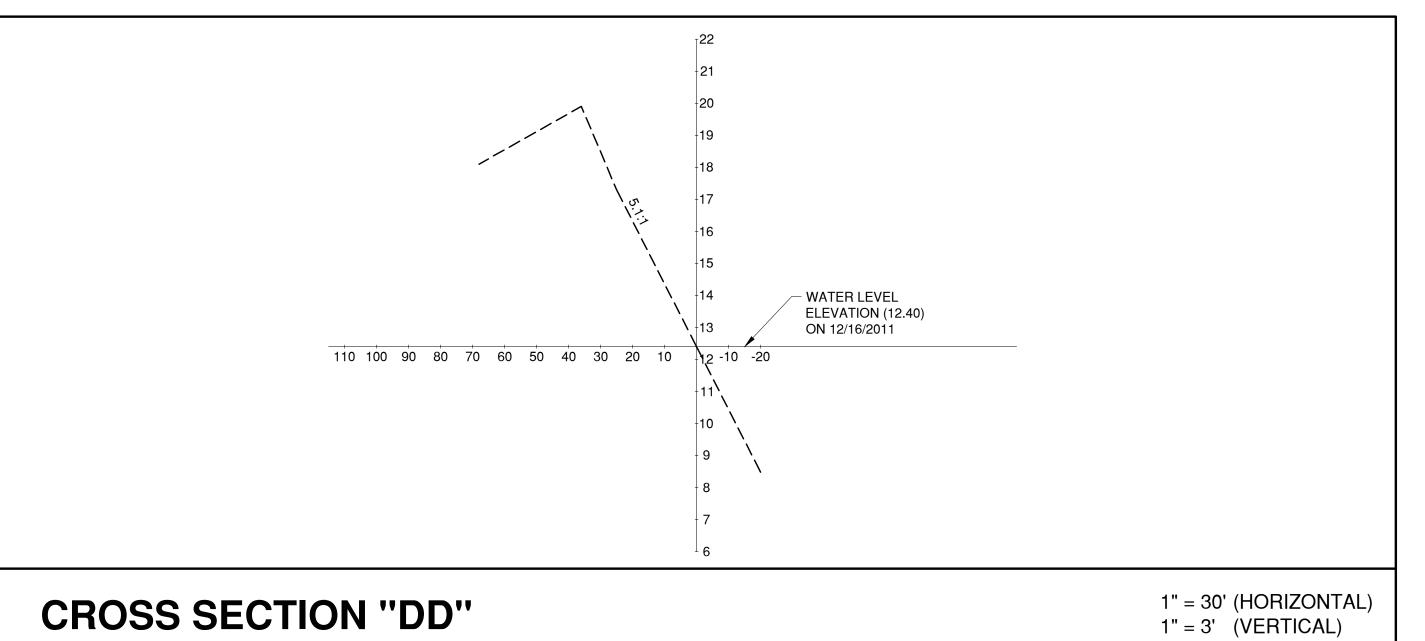
REVISED SUBMISSION	8/16/23	PTJ
REV. FOR 2021 RENEWAL	4/28/21	PTJ
REV. FOR 2017 RENEWAL	8/28/17	MAJ
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REV PER PB ENGINEER	2/18/08	JHM
REVISION	DATE	BY

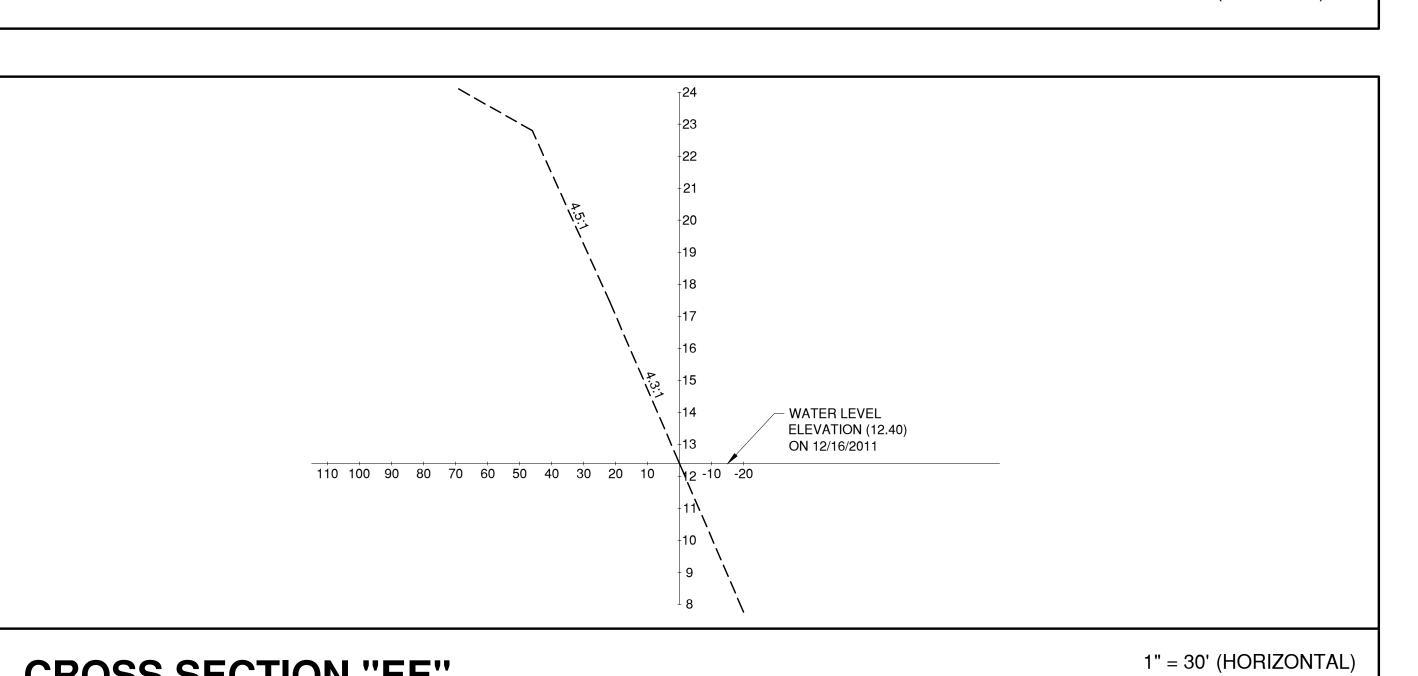


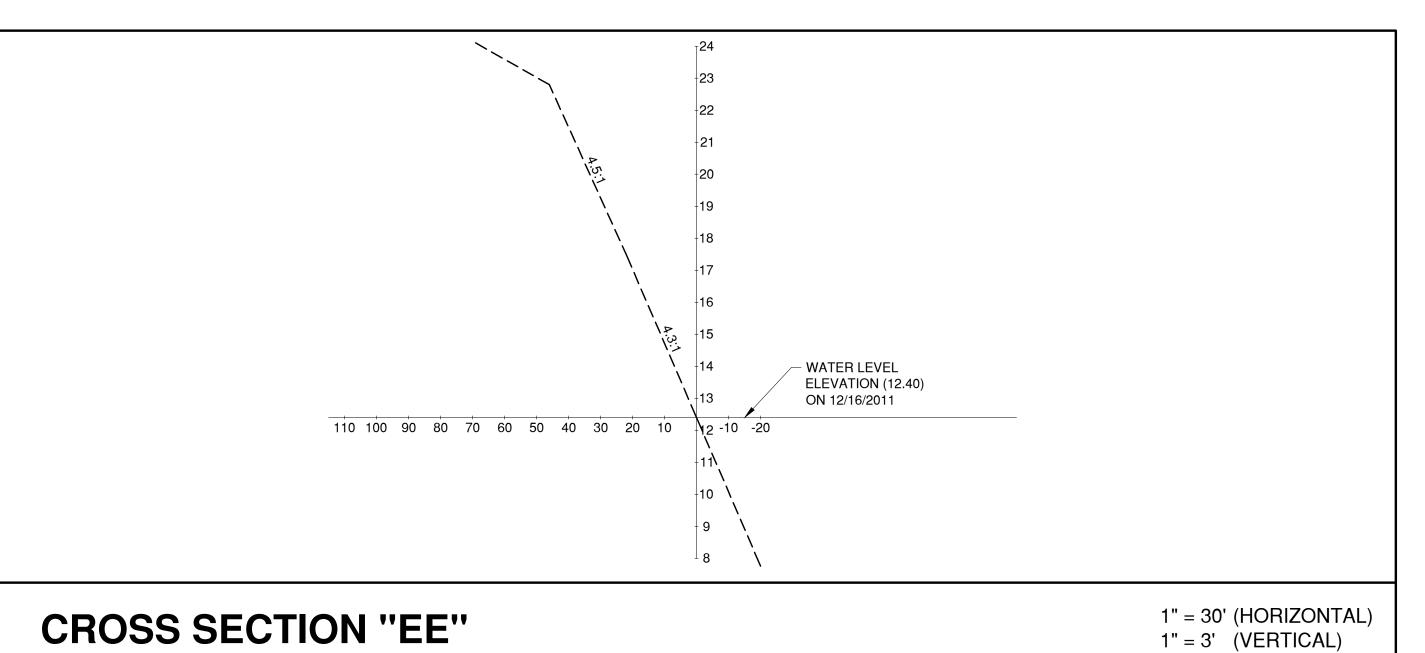
DATE: 11/8/07	DRAWN BY: JEC
SCALE: 1" = 100'	CHECKED BY: JHM
PROJECT #: 7842	SHEET: 2 0F 5

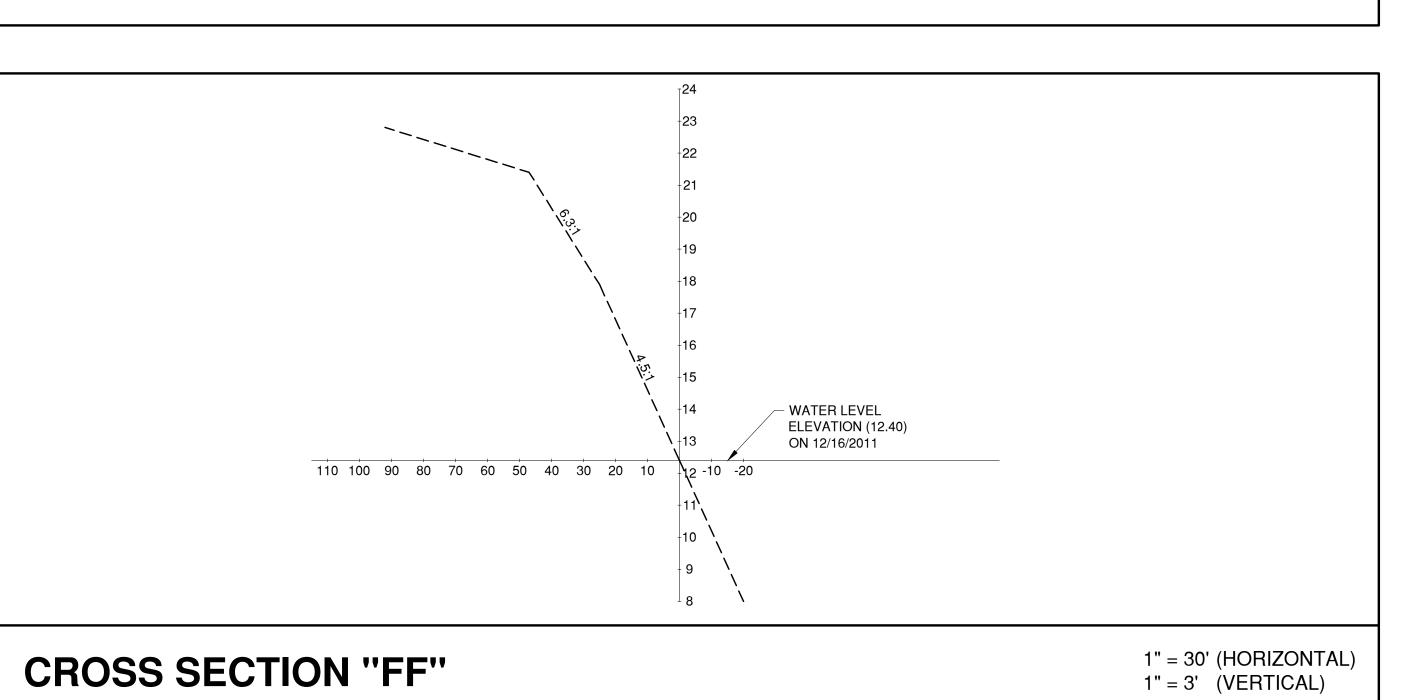


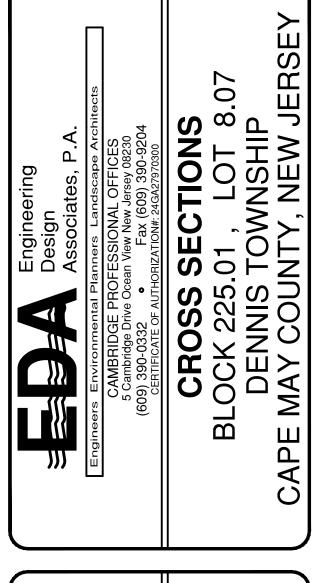










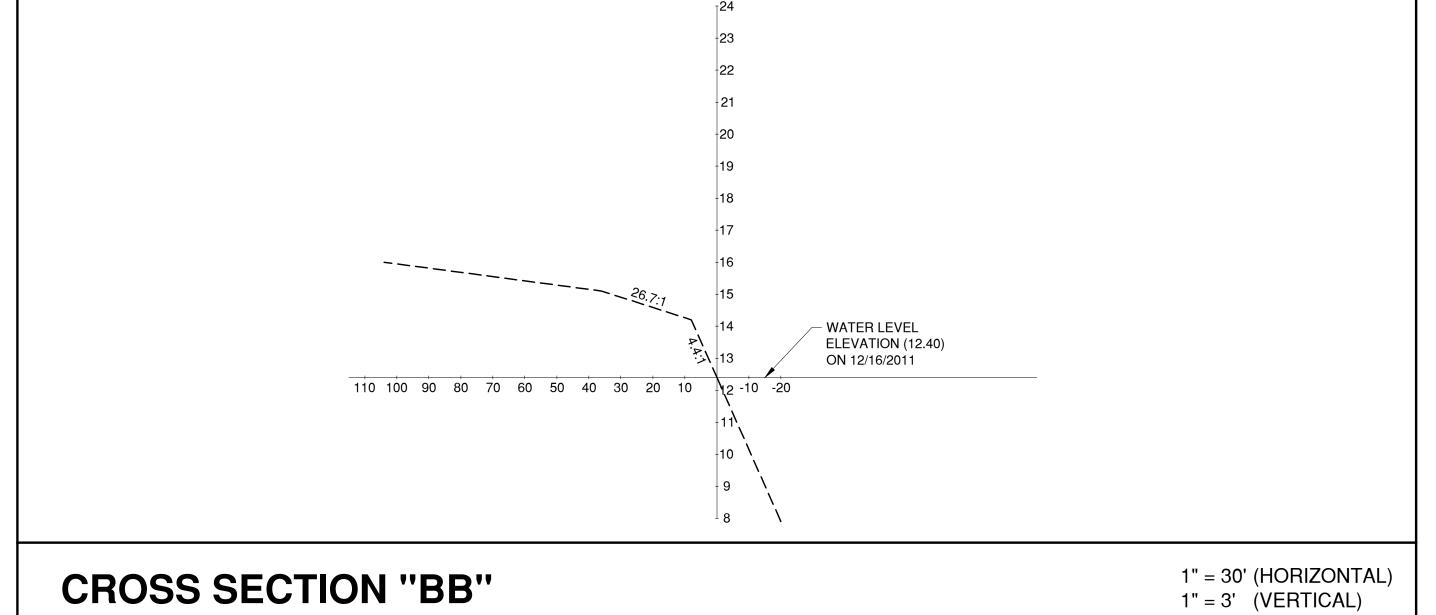


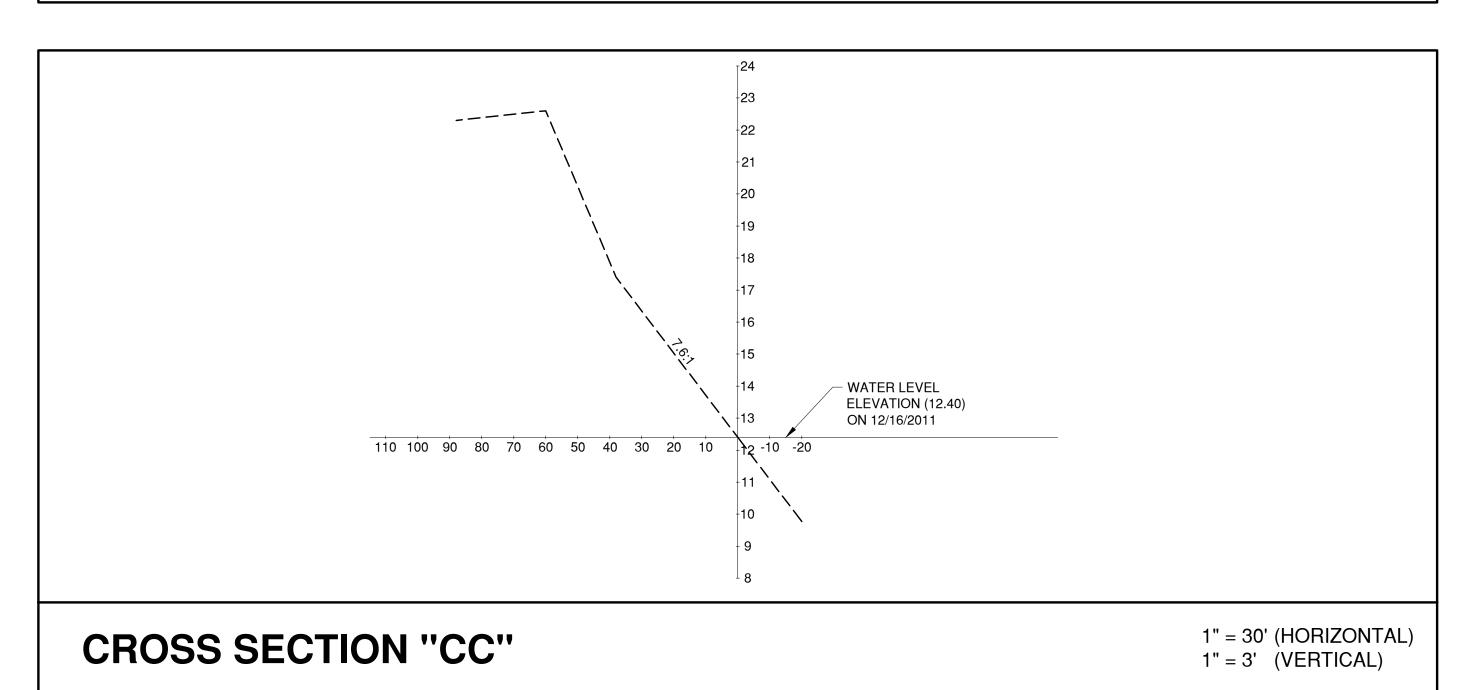
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REVISED SUBMISSION 8/16/23 PTJ 4/28/21 PTJ REV. FOR 2017 RENEWAL 8/28/17 MAJ DATE REVISION



DATE: 3/09/12	DRAWN BY: PTJ
SCALE: AS NOTED	CHECKED BY: JHM
PROJECT #: 7842	SHEET: 4 OF 5







#### SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

- All soil erosion and sediment control practices to be installed prior to any major soil disturbances, or in their proper sequence, and maintained until permanent protection is established.
- Any disturbed areas that will be left exposed more than 30 days and not subject to construction traffic, will immediately receive a temporary seeding. If the season prevents the establishment of a temporary cover, the disturbed areas will be mulched with straw, or equivalent material, at a rate of two (2) tons per acre,
- Permanent vegetation to be seeded or sodded on all exposed areas with in ten (10) days after final grading. Mulch will be used for protection until seeding is
- All work to be done in accordance with the state standards for Soil Erosion and
- A sub-base course will be applied immediately following rough grading and installation of improvements in order to stabilize streets, roads, driveways and parking areas. In areas where no utilities are present, the sub-base shall be installed within 15 days of preliminary grading.
- Immediately following initial disturbance or rough grading, all critical areas subject to erosion (i.e.: steep slopes, roadway embankments) will receive a temporary seeding in combination with straw mulch or a suitable equivalent , at a rate of two (2) tons per acre, according to state standards.
- 7.\* Any steep slopes receiveing pipeline installation will be backfilled and stabilized
- Traffic control standards require the installation of a 50'  $\times$  30'  $\times$  1' pad of 1 1/2' to 2' stone, at all construction driveways, immediately after initial site
- In accordance with the Standards for Permanent Vegetative Cover for soil Stabilization, any soil having a pH of 4 or less containing iron sulfide shall be covered withh a minimum of 12 inches of soil having a pH of 5 or more prior tp
- 10. The Soil Conservation District shall be notified 72 hours in advance of any land disturbing actituity.
- 11. At the time when the site preparation for permanent vegetation stabilization is going to be accomplished, any soil that will not provide a suitable environment to support adequate vegetative ground cover, shall be removed or treated in such a way that will permanently adjust the soil conditions and render it suitable for
- If the removal or treatment of the soil will not provide suitable conditions, nonvegetative means of permanent ground stabilization will have to be employed.
- In that N.J.S.A. \$:24-39 et seq., requires that no Certificates of Occupancy be issued before the provisions of the certified plan for soil erosion and sediment control have been compiled with for permanent measures, all site work for site plans and all work around individual lots in subdivisions, will have to be completed prior to the District issuing a Report of Compliance for the issuance of a certificate of Occupancy by the Municipality.
- 13.\* Conduit outlet Protection must be installed at all required outfalls prior to the drainage system becoming operational.
- Any changes to the certified Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plans will require the submission of revised Soil Erosion and Sediment Control plans to the District for re-certification. The revised plans must meet all current State Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Standards.
- 15. The Soil Conservation District shall be notified of any changes in ownership.
- New project or lot owner must complete and file a soil erosion application, prior to land disturbance, with the district office, assuming erosion control
- All infrastructure and drainage improvements must be completed and stabilized
- in accordance with the soil erosion plans prior to any dwellings being eligible for Reports of Compliance.

  Upon completion of dwelling and permanent lot stabilization, the lot owner must arrange for a compliance inspection as a pre-requisite for obtaining a "Certificate of Occupancy" by the municipality. One weeks advance notice is required.

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

In order to ensure that all retention and detention basins function properly, a maintenance program nust be followed. The following are the minimum requirements for the maintenance of all basins. Annual visual inspection of outlet stuctures and basins.

- Inspection of outlet structures to include checking for obstructions of outfall pipes Inspection of basins to include the removal of debris and accumulated particles such as silts and sediments.
- For maintenance of vegetated basins:
  - Mowing of grass is required regularly to ensure the aesthetic quality of the site. All clippings shall be raked and bagged to avoid thatch buildup.

    A dense turf, with extensive root growth, is encouraged to reduce erosion and enhance infiltration throughout the bottom and the side of the basin. Wellestablished turf of the floor and sides will grow through sediment deposits, thus forming a ponous turf and preventing the formation of an impermeable layer.
  - Grasses of the fescue family are recommended for seedling, primarily due to their adaptability to dry sandy solid, drought resistance, hardiness, and ability to withstand
  - brief inundations. Fescues will also permit longer intervals between mowings. Seed type: A mixture of the following special water-tolerant seed will ensure a high quality grass for retention basins.

INGREDIENTS

Perennial Rye Grass Kentucky Bluegrass 2.1Lb./1,000 SF 0.25Lb./1,000 SF 0.25Lb./1,000 SF 0.10Lb./1,000 SF

SEEDING RATE

Fertilizing and liming: Bi-annually Fertilize with 10-20-10 at a rate of 11lbs./1,000 SF Lime with pulverizer dolomite limestone at a rate of 90lbs./1,000 SF

In order to ensure proper function of all basins, every seven years each basin bottom shall be scarified to a depth of 4" to remove sediments and silts. Then 4" of topsoil must be added and reseeded.

### STORMWATER STRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

Maintenance is the work required to keep structures in practice, or restore them to their original physical and functional condition. Maintenance as it applies to this situation shall be divised into two stages: that which is necessary to allow for continuing performance of stormwater controls during the construction period and long term maltenance following construction. Both stages are necessary for the life of the

- stormwater structures and systems. 1. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTENANCE
  - Tenches/Swales to be inspected for rubbish or channel obstructions, bank failure, accumulation of silts and sediments, undesirable vegetaton growth,
  - odents, and overall system failure. DUTLET STRUCTURE/CONDUIT
  - Inspection of outlet structures and conduit to include checking for obstuction of pipe, accumulation of silts and sediments, cracking, corrosion, deterioration from freezing, salt or chemicals, excessive wear or damage from settling.

    SPILLWAYS/INLETS/MANHOLES Inpection to include checking for cracking, rodents, obtructions(silt-sediment, trash or other.) Check any gates, racks, or grates, for damage from corrosion, ice debris. Check for unauthorized modifications, tampering or
- 2. LONG TERM MAINTENANCE As noted, any basin, pipe, pit, trench or inlet not functioning as designed will be thoroughly cleaned as prescribed. Any system that continues to remain

noperable after thorough cleaning must be removed and replaced.

All on-site retention facilities shall be the sole responsibility of the developer/owner, his assigns and/or heir. The responsibility shall include but not be limited to installation, inspection, and maintenance.

#### DETENTION FACILITY MAINTENANCE

The primary mechanical equipment use in the Annual Maintenance of the Basins will be for lawn cutting. The exact type and size of this equipment is to be determined by the maintenance service under contract for the project.

SOIL CONSERVATION NOTES

#### **MULCHING**

Mulching is required on all seeding. Mulch will insure against erosion before grass is established and will promote faster and earlier establishment. (The existence of satisfactory permanent vegetation at the time of the project or unit completion shall be

- Mulch materials should be unrotted small grain straw, hay free of seeds, or salt hay to be applied at the rate of 2.0 to 2.5 tons per acre (90 to 115 pounds per 1,000 square feet.), except that where a crimper is used instead of a liquid mulch-binder (tackifying or adhesive agent), the rate of applicationmust be double the lower rate. Mulch chopper-blowers must not grind the material.
- Spread uniformly by hand or mechanically so that approximately 75% to 95% of the soil surface will be covered. For uniform distribution of hand—spread mulch, divide area into approximately 1,000 square feet sections and distribute 70 to 90 pounds within each section.
- Mulch anchoring should be accomplished immediately after placement to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods, depending upon the size of the area , steepness of slopes, and costs.
  - Peg and Twine Drive 8 to 10 inch wooden pegs to within 2 to 3 inches of the soil surface every 4 feet in all directions. Stakes may be driven before or after applying mulch. Secure mulch to soil surface by stretching twine between pegs in a criss-cross and a square pattern. Secure twine
- around each peg with two or more round turns. Mulch Nettings— Staple paper, jute,cotton, or plastic nettings to the soil surface. Use a degradable netting in areas to be mowed.
- Crimper (mulch anchoring tool) A tractor—drawn implement, somewhat like a disc—harrow, especially designed to push or cutsome of the broadcast long fiber mulch 3 to 4 inches into the soil as to anchor it and leave part standing upright. This technique is limited to areas traversible by a tractor, which must operate on the contour of slopes. Straw mulch rate must be tons per acre. No tackifying or adhesive agent is required.
- 4. <u>Liquid Mulch—Binders</u> May be used to anchor salt hay, hay, or straw
  - Applications should be heavier at edges where wind catches the mulch, in valleys, and at crests of banks. Remainder of area should be
- b. Use one of the following:
- (1) Emulsified asphalt (SS-1, CSS-1, CMS-2, MS-2, RS-1, RS-2, CRS-1, and CRS-2). Apply 0.04 gal/sq./yd. or 194 gal./acre on flat slopes less than 8 feet high. On slopes 8 feet or more high, use 0.075 gal./sq./yd.
- (2) Cutback asphalt rapid curing (RC— 70, RC—250, and RC—800) or medium curing (MC—250 or MC—800). Applying 0.04 gal./sq./yd./or 363 gal./acre.
- (3) Synthetic or Organic binders binders such as Curasol, DCA-70, Petro-set, and Terra-Tack may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch materials.
- NOTE: All names given above are registered trade names. This does not constitute a recommendation of these products to the exclusion of
- Wood-fiber or paper fiber mulch at the rate of 1,500 pounds per acre may be applied by a hydrosedder. Use is limited to flatter slopes and during optimum seeding periods in spring and fall.

#### STANDARDS FOR TOPSOILING

METHODS AND MATERIALS

Topsoil should be friable and loamy, free of debris, objectionable weeds and stones, and contain no toxic substance that may be harmful to plant growth. a pH range of 5.0-7.5 is acceptable. Soluble salts should not be excessive (conductivity less than 0.5 millimhos per centimeter). Topsoil hauled in from off site should have a minimum organic matter content of 2.75 percent. Organic matter content may be raised by additives.

- Stockpiles of topsoil shoulld be situated so as not to obstruct natural
- drainage or cause off-site environmental damage. Stockpiles should be vegetated in accordance with tempory seeding specifications on soil erosion sheet.
- 2. Site Preparation
  - Grade as needed and feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application and
  - anchoring, and maintenance. Subsoil should be tested for lime requirement and limestone, if needed, should be applied to bring soil pH to 6.5 and incorporate into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4inches.
- Immediately prior to topsoil distribution, the surface should be scarified to provide a good bond with the topsoil. Employ needed erosion control practices such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, channel stabilization measures, sedimentation
- basins, and wateways. Applying Topsoil
  a. Topsoil should be handled only when it is dry enough to work without damaging soil structure; i.e., less than field capacity.

  A uniform application to a depth of 5 inches (unsettled) is recommended.

### DUST CONTROL STANDARDS

Solls with a pH of 4.0 or less or containing iron sulfill shall be covered with a minimum depth of 12 inches of soll having a pH of 5.0 or more.

The following methods should be considered for dust control at the request of the Township Construction Code Official, or upon inspection by an S.C.D. official.

Spray — On Adhesive — On mineral soils (not effective on muck soils.) Keep traffic off these areas.

Coarse spray Fine spray 1,200 235 300 12 1/2 :1

- Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is a temporary emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel—type plows spaced about 12 inches apart,
- Sprinkling Site is sprinkled until the surface ie wet. and spring toothed harrows are examples of equipment which may
- Barriers Solid board fences, snow fences, burlap fences, crate walls, bales of hay and similar material can be used to
- 5. Calcium Chloride Shall be in the form of loose dry granules at a rate that will keep surface moist but not cause or flakes fine enough to feed through commonly used spreaders pollution or plant damage. If used on steeper slopes, Then use other practices to prevent washing into streams or accumulation around plants.
- 6. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel.
- Mulch Stabilization with approved mulches and vegetation cover being temporary of permanent.

### SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

#### Temporary Seeding

Limestone Perennial Rye Grass

Permanent Seeding

(10-20-10 or equivalent)(50% Calcium plus MgO) (Lolium multiflorum) (10-20-10 or equivalent) (50% Calcium plus MgO) 11 Lbs./1,000 SF 90 Lbs./1,000 SF 0.9 Lbs./1,000 SF

FERTILIZER

Fertilizer

Work lime and fertilizer into soil as mearly as pratical to depth of four inches (4"0). Remove from the surface all stones two inches (2") or larger. Roll soil to firm the seed bed where feasible. Use

Optimum seeding dates February 1 to April 30 and August 15 to November 30.

Kentucky Bluegrass (Three Cultivar Blend) Hard Fescue Perennial Rye Grass

## SOIL CONSERVATION NOTES

## PHASE **OPERATION** TIME PERIOD ESTABLISH EROSION CONTROL MEASURES CONTINUAL CONTINUAL ROUGH GRADING / MINING PERFORM TEMPORARY SEEDING AS NECESSARY CONTINUAL PERFORM PERMANENT SEEDING AS NEEDED VARIOUS GRADING/MINING TO CONTINUE THROUGHOUT MINING PERIOD.

## CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

Fence post 8' on center -

Fabric secured to post

with metal fastners and reinforcement between

fastner and fabric.

Silt Accumulation 

SILT FENCE DETAIL

INLET PROTECTION

GRADE

6" MIN. THICK CRUSHED-

STONE (A.S.T.M. C-33,

SIZE #2, & #3)

NOTE: STORE PILTER SHALL BE CLEANED AND REPLACED AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN PUNCTION.

Length According to Table 29-1

CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE TRANSITION

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

The entrance shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto roadways. This may require periodic

top dressing with additional stone or additional length as conditions demand repair and/or clean out of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed, or tracked onto roadways (public or private) or other impervious surfaces must be removed immediately

Where accumulation of dust/sediment is inadequately cleaned or removed by conventional methods, a power broom or street sweeper will be

SOIL CONSERVATION DETAILS

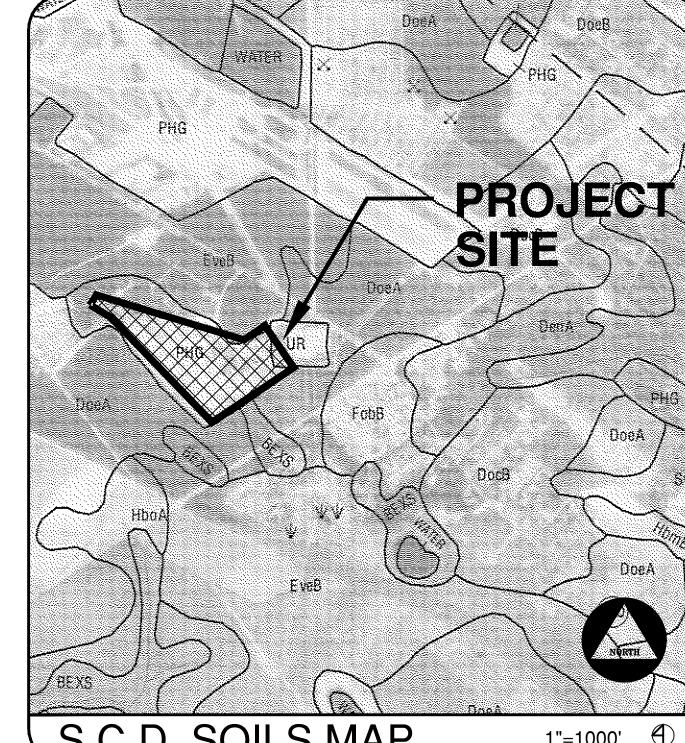
required to clean paved or impervious surfaces. All other access points which are not stabilized shall be blocked off.

R=25'

Public Right Of Way

EDGE OF

PAVEMENT|



S.C.D. SOILS MAP

1"=1000'

The number of observations in this map unit was minimal; however, the detail of mapping is adequate for the expected use of the map unit.

#### Typical Profile

Pits are open excavations from which soil material has been removed for use as construction material or road aggregate. They commonly have steep, unstable slope faces. Some pits are filled with water. A typical profile is not given for this map unit.

### Use and Management

Management concerns: Variable soil properties that require onsite investigation to determine specific management concerns

Land capability classification: VIIIs

#### LAND COVER

- Present Cover OPEN GRAVEL PIT
- D. Adjacent Site Conditions WOODED, DEVELOPED

### RESPONSIBILITY

JF KIELY CONSTRUCTION AND / OR KIELY R.E. 1 RADAR WAY

### PHG—Pits, sand and gravel

#### Composition

Interpretive Groups

## SOILS DESCRIPTION

. Total Area of Site 26 ACRES

C. Total Area of Disturbance 26 ACRES

All soil erosion and sediment control measures and facilities shall be the sole responsibility of the developer/owner. The responsibility shall include, but not be limited to installation, inspection, and maintenance of conditions during and following construction.

APPLICANT / OWNER:

TINTON FALLS, NJ 07724

GENERAL INFORMATION



**SHE**| 8.07

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E THIS PLAN OR DOCUMENT DOES NOT CONTAIN A

REGISTRATION NUMBER OF THE ABOVE SIGNED

REEN ALTERED REPRODUCTION OR FURTHER

ENGINEERING DESIGN ASSOCIATES, P.A.

REVISED SUBMISSION

**REV. APPLICANT** 

INFORMATION

**REV. FOR 2021** 

**REV. FOR 2017** 

REV FOR 2011

RENEWAL

RENEWAL

RENEWAL

REVISION

8/16/23

2/28/23

4/28/21

8/28/17

8/15/11

DATE

PTJ

PTJ

PTJ

MAJ

PTJ

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DATE: 11/8/07 DRAWN BY: JEC SCALE: AS NOTED | CHECKED BY: JHM PROJECT #: 7842 SHEET: 5 OF 5

